



RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT

The Government of India has implemented the Right To Information [RTI] in order to see that the Indian citizens are enabled to exercise their rights to ask some appropriate questions to the Government and different public utility service providers in a practical way. This Act has come into force from 15 June, 2005. Since different educational institutions like all Universities and Colleges established by law made by Parliament or by State Legislature or by notification by the appropriate Government or owned, controlled or substantially financed directly or indirectly by funds provided by the Government, they are within the meaning of a public utility service providers under this Act. As a result of the same all the educational institutions stated above, are, therefore, advised to carefully go through this Act and take necessary steps for implementation of various provisions including proactive disclosure of certain kind of information.

So, in a nutshell the RTI Act mandates that any Indian citizen is free to seek any information from any public or government authority and the authority is under liability to respond to such a request within a period of 30 days from the date of receiving such an application. Such information shall be made available to the public at large through the website by the concerned university/college. However, the information sought must not be related to defence, national security, or personal details.

How to apply for cases relating to RTI

State Public Information Officer (SPIO)

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Full text of the RTI Act is as under for reference

<https://rti.gov.in/>